

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Publication date: April 1995 Sheet number: BES/SA 0074 Revised on: 4 July 2014 Revision number: 9

1) IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION

Commercial name: **PCO FLUSHING AGENT**

Usage: Insecticide

Company identification: Bayer (Pty.) Ltd.
Reg. No. 1968/011192/07
P.O. Box 143, Isando 1600
SOUTH AFRICA

Telephone: +27 11 365 8600
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Responsible department: Product Development and Regulatory Affairs
+27 11 921 5310/5663/5471/5639
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In case of poisoning emergencies:
Bayer (office hours only): +27 11 921 5310/5663/5471/5639
Tygerberg Poison Centre: +27 21 931 6129
Griffon Poison Information Centre: +27 82 446 8946

2) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT

Risk advice to man and the environment: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON THE INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Aerosol (AE)
Pyrethrins 4 g/kg

Hazardous components:

Chemical Name	CAS-No. / EINECS-No.	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Concentration [%]
Pyrethrins	8003-34-7 232-319-8	Xn, N	R20/21/22, R50/53	0,4

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4) FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove patient from source of poisoning to well ventilated area and keep him quiet and reassured. If not breathing administer artificial respiration (to be administered by trained personnel), if breathing is difficult give oxygen. DO NOT apply direct mouth to mouth respiration, use a disposable protective mouthpiece.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing, rinse the affected skin area with plenty of soap and cool water or shower, continue to wash for 10 minutes. Obtain medical attention if excessively exposed to propellant and redness and blistering occurs and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact: Immediately wash eyes with copious amounts of clean water for at least 15 minutes, cover with a sterile dressing, get medical attention.

Ingestion: Keep patient calm and reassured, rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT apply direct mouth to mouth respiration, use a disposable protective mouthpiece.

SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE PROMPTLY AND SHOW THIS MSDS TO A MEDICAL PRACTITIONER

Note to physician: No specific antidote known. Symptomatic and supportive treatment as indicated.

5) FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire hazards: Flammable gas under pressure.
Flash point of solvent: 65 to 70 °C (Closed cup - PMCC)
Flash point of propellant: About -60 °C (Closed cup)

Explosion hazards: Violent rupture of containers involved in a fire, possible.
Vapours of propellant are heavier than air, may travel along the ground and be ignited at remote locations and flash back.

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The PROPELLANT IS EXPLOSIVE; EXPLOSIVE LIMITS: 1,9 to 8,5 % in air.
Auto-ignition temperature of propellant: 405 °C

Decomposition products in a fire: The active ingredient decomposes in a fire to emit acrid smoke and irritating fumes; the propellant decomposes in a fire to emit carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Fire extinguisher agents to be used: Dry powder; CO₂.

Protection for fire fighters: Chemical impermeable gloves, face shield, effective respiratory protection or self contained breathing apparatus as dictated by circumstances, full length protective clothing, apron and boots.

Fire: Self-contained breathing apparatus as irritating fumes may be given off.

Specific methods: Water fog to be used to keep undamaged containers cool in a fire.
Eye contact with the liquid propellant may cause frostbite and severe corneal damage.
High airborne concentrations of propellant may cause irritation to eyes and skin.
Skin contact with the liquid propellant may cause frostbite and irritation.
The propellant reacts vigorously with oxidizing agents.
No unprotected person should be allowed in the vicinity. Evacuation of area may be necessary in a fire.
Water spray may be used to disperse accumulating vapour of punctured cans.
Contain liquid run-off with temporary earth barriers.
The material is toxic to fish, bees and other useful insects.

6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Wear suitable protective clothing. Eliminate all ignition sources.
Report incident to emergency personnel if aerosol cans are damaged.

Environmental precautions: Prevent contamination of vegetation, sewers, waterways or low areas, drinking water and/or crops and grazing.

Methods for cleaning up: Extinguish all flames. Dike spill. Absorb liquid with sand or other non-flammable absorbent material. Shovel up carefully and dispose of as for flammable and toxic waste in accordance with local/national regulations.

Prevention of secondary hazards: No smoking or naked flames. Inspect for damaged aerosol cans.

Protective clothing: Chemical impermeable gloves, face shield, effective respiratory protection or self-contained breathing apparatus as dictated by circumstances, full length protective clothing, apron and boots.

7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use only as per directions on label. Pressurised container; protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. FLAMMABLE - do not spray near a naked flame. Prevent contamination of food, feedstuffs, eating utensils and drinking water. Remove pets and cover aquaria. Prevent excessive wetting of plastics and highly polished surfaces. Wash with soap and water after use. Avoid excessive inhalation and skin contact.

Technical measures: Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate any source of ignition.

Prevention of worker exposure: Local and general ventilation, prevention of uncontrolled aerosol generation.

Environmental precautions: PRECAUTIONS: During application and when cleaning protective clothing, contamination of all sources of drinking water, rivers, dams, crops or grazing shall be prevented.

HAZARDS: Violent eruption of aerosol can if exposed to temperatures above 50 °C. Prevent damage to aerosol can, do not puncture. The product is toxic to fish, bees and other useful insects.

Cleaning of equipment after use: All protective clothing and respirators used shall be decontaminated, washed, rinsed and dried.

Storage: Suitable storage conditions:
Store under lock and key and out of reach of children and domestic animals.
Store in a cool, dry place away from sources of heat and naked flames.

Precautions: Store away from foodstuffs, eating utensils and drinking water. Do not expose aerosol container to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Packaging materials: Recommended packaging: Aerosol can with crack and crevice nozzle. For liquid spillage: Metal drum.
Unsuitable packaging: Plastic containers.

8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Controls - Engineering: Effective ventilation to be maintained at all times. Do not expose aerosol container to temperatures above 50 °C.

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Personal protection:	
Application:	Adequate ventilation. Wash exposed skin area, face and hands after use.
Manufacture of concentrate:	Chemical impermeable gloves, barrier cream on exposed skin, goggles if necessary, respiratory protection, full length overalls and boots.
Emergency:	Chemical impermeable gloves, face shield, effective respiratory protection or self-contained breathing apparatus as dictated by circumstances, full length protective clothing and boots.
Specific hygiene measures:	Avoid skin contact and inhalation of spray mist. Wash face and hands after use and before eating or smoking.

9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Description:	A clear, yellow concentrate liquid contained under pressure in an aerosol can.
Flash point for solvent:	65 to 70 °C (Closed cup)
Flash point for propellant:	About - 60 °C (Closed cup)
Solubility:	Pyrethrins are relatively insoluble in water; miscible with most organic solvents.

10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	The product is stable in original container in normal temperatures and conditions.
Compatibility:	The pyrethroid is incompatible with alkaline substances. Hydrolysis and loss of insecticidal activity.
Decomposition:	For pyrethrins in light and air, oxidation and loss of insecticidal activity occurs.
Fire:	The active ingredient decomposes in a fire to emit acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:	The product may be hazardous on inhalation, skin contact and ingestion. (active ingredient)
LD ₅₀ acute oral, rats:	584 to 900 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ acute percutaneous, rats:	> 1 500 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ acute percutaneous, rabbits:	> 5 000 mg/kg
	Pyrethrins may cause dermatitis in sensitized individuals. Persons sensitive to pollen are prone to allergic reactions which include respiratory discomfort.
Eye contact:	Contact with the liquid or spray mist may be irritating, causing redness, pain and blurred vision; excessive contact with the propellant may cause frostbite and corneal damage. High airborne concentrations of propellant may cause irritation.
Inhalation:	The propellant is an asphyxiant and high concentration may cause drowsiness and loss of consciousness; avoid excessive inhalation of spray mist. The pyrethroid toxin may cause numbness of the lips and tongue, sneezing. Persons sensitive to pollen are prone to allergic reactions to pyrethroids which may include respiratory discomfort, asthma and vasomotor rhinitis; may be delayed for several hours.
Skin contact:	Avoid skin contact with spray mist or liquid contents; may be irritating causing redness, discomfort; pyrethroid toxin cause allergic reaction in sensitive persons which may include dermatitis, asthma and vasomotor rhinitis. Excessive contact with propellant may cause redness and blistering.
Ingestion and overexposure:	The pyrethroid toxin is a central nervous system stimulant and may cause convulsions. The liquid concentrate contains a solvent; DO NOT induce vomiting. Ingestion of content due to contamination of food may cause numbness of the lips and tongue, sneezing and/or nausea; persons sensitive to pollen are prone to allergic reactions to pyrethroids which may be delayed for several hours.

12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to fish:	For pyrethrins the LC ₅₀ (96 hours) (static tests) for coho salmon is 39 mg/ℓ and for channel catfish is 114 mg/ℓ.
Toxicity to bees:	For honeybees the oral LD ₅₀ is 150 ng/bee and for contact is 130 to 290 ng/bee. Pyrethrins exhibit a repellent effect to bees.
Persistence/Degradation:	For pyrethrins in the environment, degradation, promoted by sunlight and UV light, begins at the alcohol group and involves the formation of numerous unknown cleavage products.

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Bioaccumulation:
Pyrethrins are oxidized in sunlight and rapidly hydrolysed by alkali with loss of insecticidal activity.

13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Accidental spillages: If aerosol cans have been punctured, extinguish all source of ignition. Consider evacuation of unnecessary people. Contain liquid spillage with sand or earth; disperse vapour cloud with water spray. Cover drains, sewers, etc. and inform authorities if major spillage occurs. Sweep up and dispose of contained spillage after all danger of fire has been eliminated and dispose of as for flammable and toxic waste in accordance with local/national regulations.

Protective clothing to be worn when clearing spillage.

Waste from residues: Liquid residue to be disposed of as for flammable and toxic waste in accordance with local/national regulations.

Disposal of used packaging material: Dispose of empty containers as flammable and toxic waste in accordance with local/national regulations. DO NOT burn. DO NOT puncture containers.

14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Un no. 1950

Class: 2.1

IMDG: 2013

Ems: 2-13

MFAG: 620

Subsidiary risk: •

Packaging group: III

Declaration for land shipment: 1950 AEROSOLS, flammable

Declaration for sea shipment: 1950 AEROSOLS, flammable

Declaration for shipment by air: 1950 AEROSOLS, flammable

15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification in accordance with the EC Directive on dangerous preparations 1999/45/EC as amended.

Classification: Hazard warning labelling compulsory.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Imidacloprid

Symbol(s):

N: Dangerous for the environment.

Risk phrase(s):

R10: Flammable.

Safety phrase(s):

S2: Keep out of the reach of children.

S15: Keep away from heat.

S24: Avoid contact with the skin.

Exceptional labelling: To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

WHO Classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

16) OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3:

R20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The data does not signify any warranty with regard to the products' properties.

Consult the label for directions for use.

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THIS INFORMATION CONCERNS ONLY THE PRODUCT AS CONFORMING TO ITS SPECIFICATIONS AND LIMITED TO THE USES HEREIN STATED.

This sheet complements the technical sheet of use but does not replace it. The information contained on this sheet is based on knowledge of the product on the date of publication. It is given in good faith.
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